SHANNON ERNE
WORD SEARCH

RESTORATION
RESTORATION OF THE SHANNON ERNE WATERWAY (FORMERLY
KNOWN AS THE BALLINAMORE TO BALLYKINNELL CANAL)
STARTED IN 1990. WITH THE OFFICIAL RE-OPENING IN 1999

KINGFISHER
EU PROTECTED BIRD SPECIES LIVING NEAR THE SHANNON
ERNE, WITH THE KINGFISHER CYCLE TRAIL STARTING IN
BALLINAMORE

BLUEWAY
INCLUDES WATER TRAILS FOR RECREATIONAL LEISURE
ACTIVITIES SUCH AS PADDLING, CANOEING, AS WELL AS
WALKING AND CYCLING ROUTES.

CANAL
THE SHANNON ERNE WATERWAY COMPRISSES ARTIFICIAL
CANALS, CANALISED SECTIONS OF RIVER AND LAKES

REEDS
REEDS PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE PROVIDING SHELTER FOR
SMALL ANIMALS AND FISH AS WELL AS NESTING AREAS FOR
BIRDS

OTTER
ONE OF IRELAND’S MOST FAMOUS MAMMALS DATING FROM
THE LAST ICE AGE, OTTERS ARE EXTREMELY WELL ADAPTED TO
WATER LIFE AND EXCELLENT SWIMMERS

WOODLAND
WET WILLOW-ALDER-ASH WOODLANDS WERE RECORDED
FREQUENTLY ALONG THE SHANNON ERNE AND ARE
CONSIDERED ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

BATS
BATS ARE NOCTURNAL MAMMALS THAT USE A FORM OF
SONAR TO FLY AND FIND FOOD

WOODFORD
THE WOODFORD RIVER FORMS PART OF THE OVERALL
SHANNON ERNE WATERWAY.

SIXTEEN
THERE ARE 16 LOCKS ALONG THE SHANNON ERNE SYSTEM

SCUR
LOUGH SCUR IS A LAKE ON THE SHANNON ERNE SYSTEM
WITH SEVERAL PROTECTED FEATURES LIKE CASTLE JOHN,
CRANNÓGS AND THE CAUSEWAY ONTO RUSHEEN ISLAND

LETTER CLASSIFICATION

An initiative of the Waterways Ireland Heritage Plan 2016-2020