

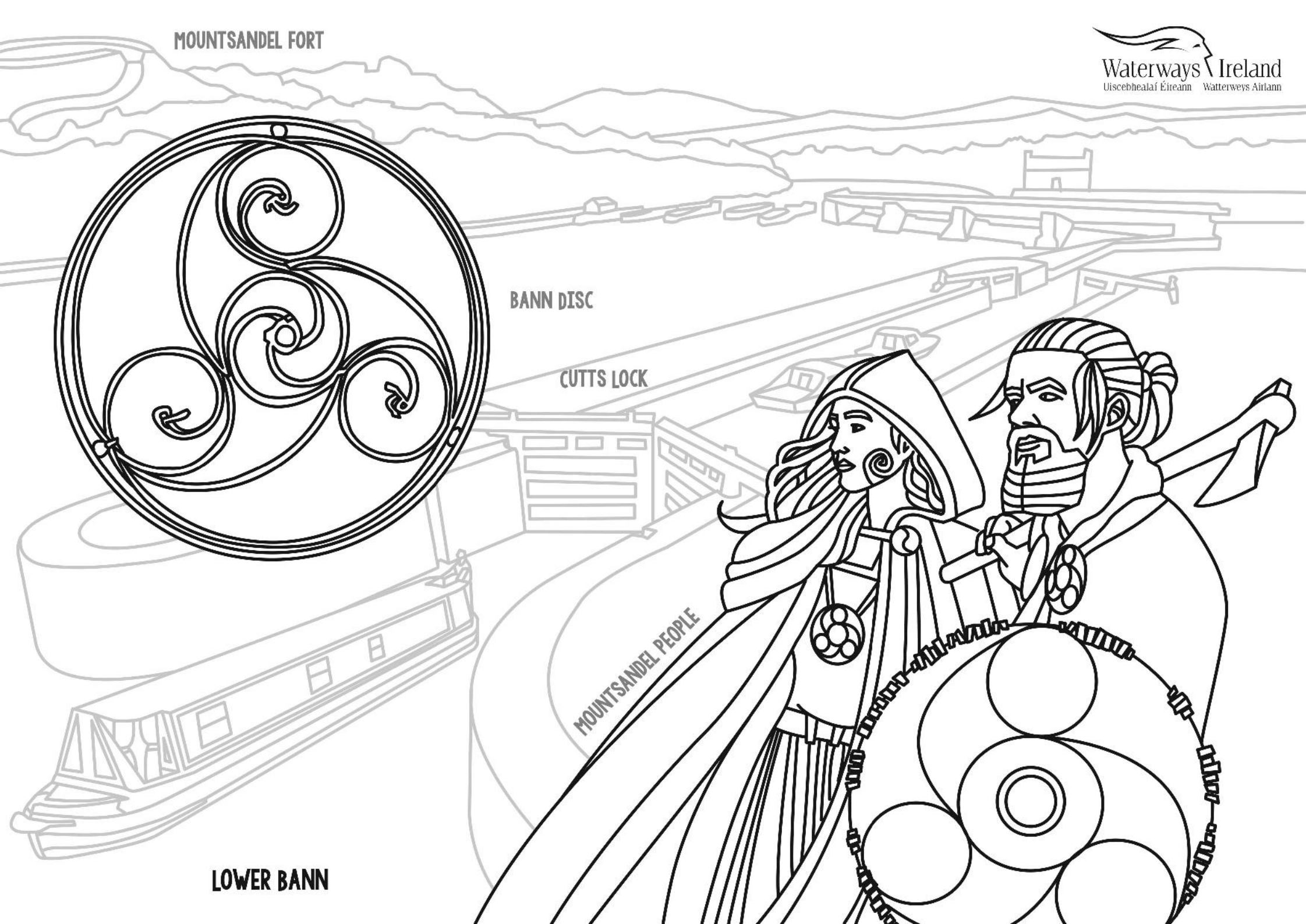
MOUNTSANDEL FORT

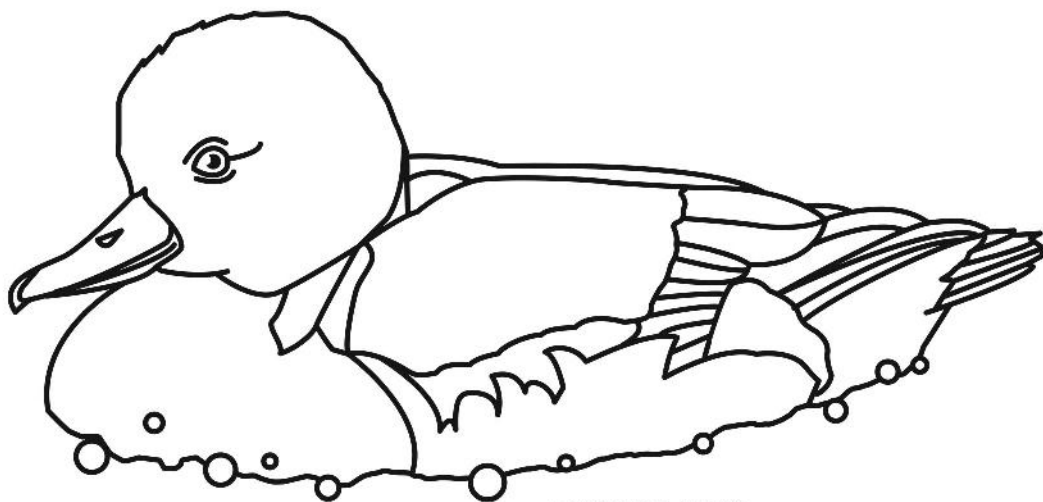
BANN DISC

CUTTS LOCK

MOUNTSANDEL PEOPLE

LOWER BANN





POCHARD DUCK



PEACOCK BUTTERFLY

BANN WORD SEARCH

CUTTS	THE LOWER BANN FLOWS FROM LOUGH NEAGH AT TOOME TO THE ATLANTIC OCEAN, THROUGH THE CUTTS LOCK
EEL	THE LOWER BANN IS HOME TO ONE OF EUROPE'S LARGEST WILD EEL FISHERIES
PORTNA	THE ONLY LOCK DOUBLE LOCK ON THE LOWER BANN
POCHARD	A DUCK SPECIES, WITH A DISTINCTIVE RED HEAD. THE POCHARD IS PROTECTED UNDER THE EU BIRDS DIRECTIVE AND IS FOUND ON THE LOWER BANN NAVIGATION
FIVE	THE LOWER BANN HAS ONLY FIVE LOCKS
PEACOCK	ONE OF THE MOST EASILY RECOGNISED BUTTERFLIES (RED WINGS WITH BLACK MARKINGS AND EYE SPOTS), THE PEACOCK BUTTERFLY CAN BE FOUND IN WOODLAND AREAS NEAR THE LOWER BANN
MOUNTSANDAL	MOUNTSANDAL FORT, LOCATED OPPOSITE THE CUTTS LOCK, IS THE EARLIEST KNOWN HUMAN SETTLEMENT IN IRELAND DATING BACK 7,000 YEARS
RAMSAR	A RAMSAR SITE IS A WETLAND SITE OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE FOR BIRDS. ALL OF LOUGH BEG IS DESIGNATED A RAMSAR SITE.
NEAGH	LOUGH NEAGH IS THE LARGEST FRESHWATER LAKE IN IRELAND AND THE UNITED KINGDOM
DIATOMITE	THE BEDROCK OF THE LOWER BANN VALLEY WAS MINED FOR DIATOMITE, WHICH ARE FOSSILISED ALGAE, AND CAN BE USED FOR PRODUCING POTTERY AND BRICK
DISC	THE BANN DISC, DISCOVERED IN MARCH 1939 WHILE DREDGING THE RIVER BANN, IS MADE OF BRONZE WITH INTRICATE CARVINGS AND DATES BACK TO THE FIRST CENTURY AD

P	O	R	T	N	A	U	B	X	O	E
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D	V	C	D	E	S	Q	C	G	R	S
D	I	B	H	U	W	Q	U	Z	A	A
T	P	A	H	A	N	E	N	A	M	N
W	O	E	T	Q	R	G	E	R	S	D
Q	C	F	A	O	D	D	A	B	A	E
H	U	I	M	C	M	G	G	N	R	L
B	T	V	N	G	O	I	H	H	O	E
A	T	E	R	S	A	C	T	B	N	E
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